



## Ayudantía 8

1. Determine  $A_v = \frac{V_s}{V_e}$ . Considere como datos  $R_{b1}, R_{b2}, R_c, R_e, h_{fe}, h_{ie}$

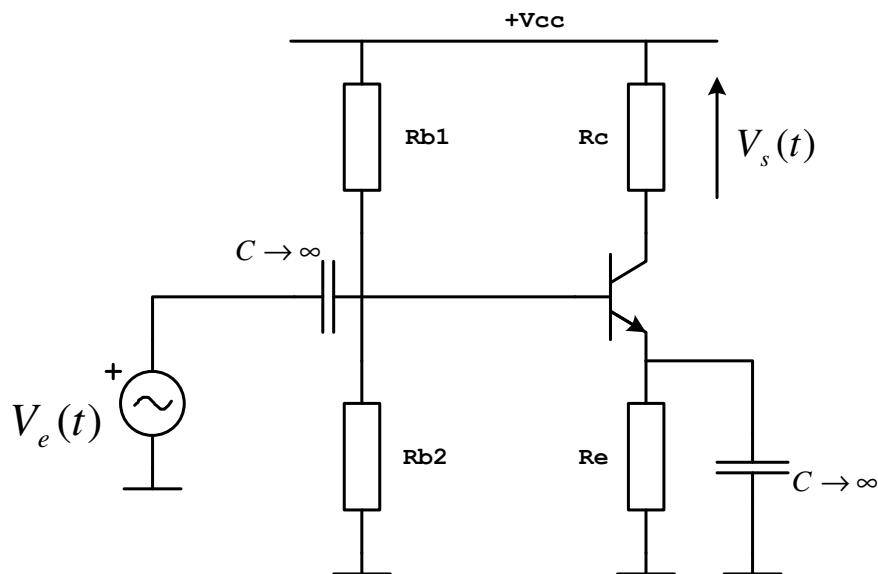


Figura 1

Solución:

$$A_v = -\frac{h_{fe} \cdot R_c}{h_{ie}}$$

2. Determine la impedancia de salida del circuito de la figura 1. Considere como datos  $R_{b1}, R_{b2}, R_c, R_e, h_{fe}, h_{ie}$

Solución:

$$Z_o = R_c$$



3. Determine  $V_s(t)$ . Considere  $V_{be} = 0.7$ ,  $h_{fe} = 100$ ,  $h_{ie} = 1k$ ,  $V_e(t) = 0.001 \cdot \sin(\omega t)$

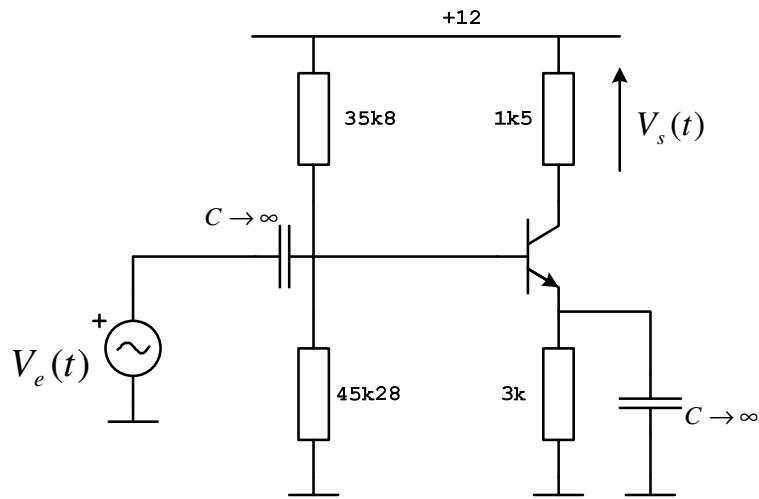


Figura 2

**Solución:**

$$V_s(t) = 3 - 0.15 \cdot \sin(\omega t)$$

4. Determine  $A_v = \frac{V_s}{V_e}$ . Considere como datos  $R_b, R_c, R_e, h_{fe}, h_{ie}$

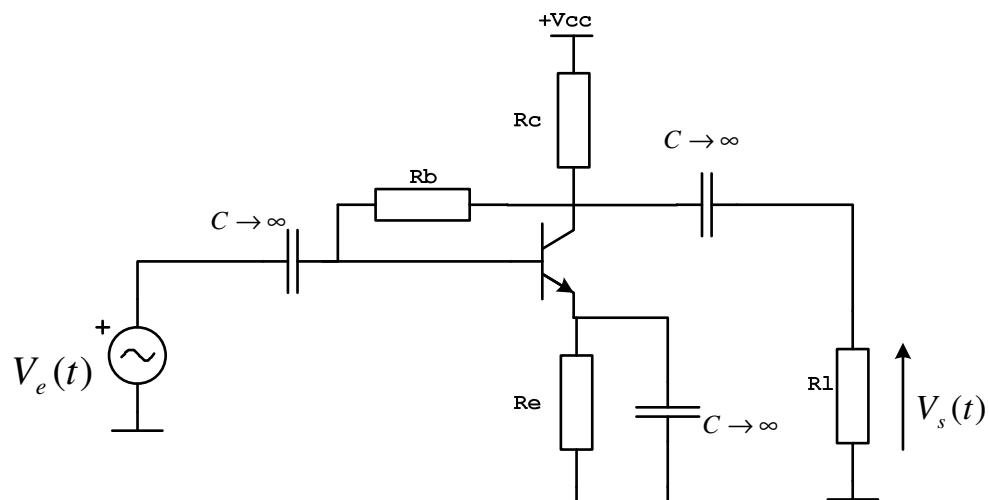


Figura 3

**Solución:**

$$A_v = \frac{V_s}{V_e} = \left( \frac{1}{R_b} - \frac{h_{fe}}{h_{ie}} \right) \cdot \left[ \frac{1}{R_c // R_L} + \frac{1}{R_b} \right]^{-1}$$